

Correlation between two points in time of geometric Brownian motion

created by **Thijs van den Berg**

$$\text{Var}(\ln S_t) = \sigma^2 t$$

$$\text{Std}(\ln S_t) = \sigma \sqrt{t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}(\ln S_t, \ln S_T) &= \min[\text{Var}(\ln S_t), \text{Var}(\ln S_T)] \\ &= \sigma^2 t \\ &\text{when } t < T \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cor}(\ln S_t, \ln S_T) &= \frac{\text{Cov}(\ln S_t, \ln S_T)}{\text{Std}(\ln S_t) \text{Std}(\ln S_T)} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{t}{T}} \end{aligned}$$

These equations describe the correlation in time of geometric Brownian motion.

When looking at a two moments in time ("t" and "T") of a specific price-path we can observe two basic facts when comparing the paths between now and "t" and "T" respectively.

- * the part up to "t" of the two paths are identical
- * the part after "t" is uncorrelated with the part up to "t"

Using these two fact, the results are easy to verify.

Symbol list:

S_t	Value of the geometric Brownian motion at time t
S_T	Value of the geometric Brownian motion at time T (with T>t)
Var	Variance
Std	Standard deviation
Cov	Covariance
\ln	Natural logarithm